§ 1980.473

within his/her loan approval authority which exceed a total commulative advance of \$500 to the same borrower. Protective advances must be reasonable when associated with the value of collateral being preserved.

C. When considering protective advances, sound judgment must be exercised in determining that the additional funds advanced will actually preserve collateral interests and recovery is actually enhanced by making the advance.

§ 1980.473 Additional loans or ad vances.

(Refer to paragraph XIII of Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-35.)

Administrative

Only the State Director shall approve within his/her loan approval authority additional nonguaranteed loans or advances prior to or subsequent to the issuance of the Loan Note Guarantee. The State Director shall determine that there will be no adverse changes in the borrower's financial situation and that such loan or advance is not likely to adversely affect the collateral or the guaranteed loan.

§1980.474 [Reserved]

§ 1980.475 Bankruptcy.

- (a) It is the lender's responsibility to protect the guaranteed loan debt and all the collateral securing it in bankruptcy proceedings. These responsibilities include but are not limited to the following:
- (1) The lender will file a proof of claim where necessary and all the necessary papers and pleadings concerning the case.
- (2) The lender will attend and where necessary participate in meetings of the creditors and all court proceedings.
- (3) The lender, whose collateral is subject to being used by the trustee in bankruptcy, will immediately seek adequate protection of the collateral.
- (4) Where appropriate, the lender should seek involuntary conversion of a pending Chapter 11 case to a liquidating proceeding under Chapter 7 or under Section 1123(b) (4) or seek dismissal of the proceedings.
- (5) When permitted by the Bank-ruptcy Code, the lender will request modification of any plan of reorganization whenever it appears that additional recoveries are likely.

- (6) FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 will be kept adequately and regularly informed in writing of all aspects of the proceedings.
- (b) In a Chapter 11 reorganization, if an independent appraisal of collateral is necessary in FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354's opinion, FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 and the lender will share such appraisal fee equally.
- (c) Expenses on Chapter 11 reorganization, liquidating Chapter 11 or Chapter 7 (unless the lender is directly handling the liquidation) cases are not to be deducted from the collateral proceeds.
- (d) Estimated loss payments. See paragraph XVI of Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 449-35.

Administrative

Refer to Appendix G of this subpart (available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 office) for advice on how to interact with the lender on liquidation and property management.

- A. It is the responsibility of the State Program Chief to see that FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 is being fully informed by the lender in all bankruptcy cases.
- B. All bankruptcy cases should be reported immediately to the National Office by utilizing and completing a problem/delinquent status report. The Regional Attorney must be informed promptly of the proceedings.
- C. Chapter 11 pertains to a reorganization of a business contemplating an ongoing business rather than a termination and dissolution of the business where legal protection is afforded to the business as defined under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. Consequently, expenses incurred by the lender in a Chapter 11 reorganization can never be liquidation expenses unless the proceeding becomes a Liquidating 11. If the proceeding should become a Liquidating 11, reasonable and customary liquidation expenses may be deducted from proceeds of collateral provided the lender is doing the actual liquidation of the collateral as provided by the Lender's Agreement. Chapter 7 pertains to a liquidation of the borrower's assets. If and when liquidation of the borrower's assets under Chapter 7 is conducted by the bankruptcy trustee, the lender cannot claim expenses.
- D. The State Director may approve the repurchase of the unpaid guaranteed portion of the loan from the holder(s) to reduce interest accruals during Chapter 7 proceedings or